CLOTHING HANGER

TECHNICAL FIELD

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The present invention relates generally to garment hangers and more specifically to an apparatus and method for hanging clothing, wherein clothing hung thereby experiences minimal structural deformation. The present invention is particularly suited to suspending knit garments, such as, for exemplary purposes only, golf shirts, blouses, T-shirts, sweatshirts, and like clothing that is particularly susceptible to deformation.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

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Various devices and methods are available for hanging clothing and the like, such as conventional wire hangers and ball-end hangers. Unfortunately, most available clothing hangers are functionally and structurally disadvantageous for knit clothing. For instance, existing ball-ends are small, smooth, and typically distort knit clothing, which easily slips off. Additionally, common wire hangers can cause deformation of knit clothing and are thus disadvantageous.

Therefore, it is readily apparent that there is a need and method that overcomes hanger apparatus for the aforementioned disadvantages by providing a hanger securely retains knit clothing from falling and minimizes or prevents deformation of the clothing hung thereon.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Briefly described, in a preferred embodiment, the present invention overcomes the aforementioned disadvantages and meets the recognized need for such a device by providing a method and apparatus for hanging knit clothing that preferably does not deform the clothing hung thereon. The present apparatus and method is particularly suitable for hanging knit clothing, 15 which is susceptible to deformation while in the hanging state.

According to its major aspects and broadly stated, the 20 present invention in its preferred embodiment is a hanger in the configuration of an 'S'-shaped hook, wherein one end of hanger has a ball-shaped structure in communication therewith, wherein the ball-shaped structure securely retains

clothing placed thereon without deforming the clothing so placed, and wherein retention of clothing thereon is facilitated via use of a non-slip surface.

More specifically, the present invention in its preferred form is an apparatus and method for hanging knit clothing, having a hook possessing a first curved end for hanging over or engaging a horizontal pole or rod, and a second end, wherein the second end is ball-shaped and of sufficient surface area to prevent deformation of clothing hung thereon. The ball-shaped end further includes a non-slip surface of sufficient friction to facilitate retention of the clothing placed thereon.

15 A feature and advantage of the present invention is its ease of use.

A feature and advantage of the present invention is that it can retain knit clothing in a hanging position without causing deformation of the clothing.

A feature and advantage of the present invention is its ease of manufacture.

A feature and advantage of the present invention is its suitability for hanging various types of clothing.

5 A feature and advantage of the present invention is its one-piece construction.

A feature and advantage of the present invention is that it can be manufactured as, and assembled from, individual components.

A feature and advantage of the present invention is that it can be fabricated in a configuration having multiple hook and ball ends.

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A further feature and advantage of the present invention is its suitability for hanging draping material.

An additional feature and advantage of the present 20 invention is that it can be manufactured in different colors and/or different sizes.

These and other features and advantages of the present invention will become more apparent to one skilled in the art from the following description and claims when read in light of the accompanying drawings.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Having thus described the invention in general terms, the present invention will be better understood by reading the Detailed Description of the Preferred and Selected Alternate Embodiments, with reference to the accompanying drawing figures, which are not necessarily drawn to scale, and in which like reference numerals denote similar structures and refer to like elements throughout, and in which:

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- FIG. 1A is a perspective view of a clothing hanger according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention;
- FIG. 1B is a side view of a clothing hanger according to
 20 a preferred embodiment of the present invention;
 - FIG. 2 is a perspective view of a clothing hanger according to an alternate embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 3A is a front view of a clothing hanger according to an alternate embodiment of the present invention having multiple two-ball units;

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- FIG. 3B is a front view of a clothing hanger according to an alternate embodiment of the present invention having a single two-ball unit; and
- 10 **FIG.** 3C is a profile view according to the alternate embodiment shown in **FIG.** 3B, as well as depicting the upper and lower ball profile according to the alternate embodiment of **FIG.** 3A.
- 15 **FIG. 4A** is a perspective view according to an alternate embodiment of the present invention.
 - FIG. 4B is a perspective view according to an alternate embodiment of the present invention.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED AND ALTERNATIVE EMBODIMENTS

In describing the preferred and selected alternate

5 embodiments of the present invention, as illustrated in the
Figures, specific terminology is employed for the sake of
clarity. The invention, however, is not intended to be
limited to the specific terminology so selected, and it is to
be understood that each specific element includes all
10 technical equivalents that operate in a similar manner to
accomplish similar functions.

Referring now to FIGS. 1A and 1B, apparatus 10 is preferably formed as an 'S'-shaped hook having body portion 20 preferably having first end 30 with hook portion 40 formed therewith, where hook portion 40 is preferably shaped to hang over a horizontal pole or rod. Hook portion 40 is preferably flattened to cause apparatus 10 to hang facing forward. Shaped portion 80 preferably causes apparatus 10 to hang facing forward on the small rod that is integral with modern wire closet shelving. Preferably located at second end 50 is ball 60. Ball 60 is preferably at least approximately two inches in diameter. Diameter of ball 60 is preferably

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strategically selected to eliminate or substantially minimize distortion of materials placed over ball 60, in particular, knit clothing.

Preferably located on exterior 70 of ball 60 is a nonslip surface similar to, for exemplary purposes only, 100 grit
or coarser sandpaper, or alternately, a frictional elastomeric
surface. Preferably the entire surface of ball 60 is non-slip
to present the maximum such surface for contact with the
garment hung thereon to facilitate retention of the garment.

Ball 60 is preferably joined to second end 50 of body portion 20 at an angle of approximately forty-five degrees from the vertical, which facilitates balance and unhindered contact of the garment with a maximum surface area of ball 60 for best retention.

Apparatus 10 is preferably manufactured and/or integrally formed as a single unit or, alternatively, in components that are subsequently assembled. Apparatus 10, or the components to assemble it, are preferably fabricated by injection molding; however, any suitable process known within the art may be utilized, such as, for exemplary purposes only,

casting, rolling, turning, machining, bending, or other molding processes. Apparatus 10 is preferably fabricated from plastic, or alternatively may be fabricated of rubber, wood, metal, or a combination of rubber, wood, metal and/or plastic.

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Referring now to FIG. 2, illustrated in an alternate embodiment is apparatus 200, wherein apparatus 200 comprises multiple units of basic embodiment apparatus 10, linked together rigidly or flexibly via connecting rod 250, so that a plurality of clothes may be hung thereon. Apparatus 200 possesses units 10a, 10b, 10c and 10d, although any number of units could be utilized. Unit 10a has 'S'-shaped body portion 210a, upper hook end 240a and ball end 220a. Unit 10b has 'S'-shaped body portion 210b, upper hook end 240b and ball end 220b. Unit 10c has 'S'-shaped body portion 210c, upper hook end 240c and ball end 220c. Unit 10d has 'S'-shaped body portion 210d, upper hook end 240d, and ball end 220d. Apparatus 200 may be constructed having any number of units suitable for the hanging space available. In an alternative to this embodiment, apparatus 200 may be made of multiple component sections, such as 220b/210b, and 220c/210c, that may be snapped together, thus allowing the user to construct apparatus 200 of desired length.

Turning now to FIG. 3A, apparatus 300 is a multiple unit garment hanger having base frame 310 securable to a wall, door, or other suitable surface via suitable fasteners inserted through first hole 320 and second hole 330. It will be recognized by those skilled in the art that various fastening devices may be used, with or without utilizing first hole 320 and second hole 330.

Arranged on base frame 310 are upper hanger balls 340a, 340b, 340c, 340d and 340e and lower hanger balls 350a, 350b, 350c, 350d and 350e, wherein upper hanger balls 340a, 340b, 340c, 340d and 340e extend outward from base frame 310 a greater distance than lower hanger balls 350a, 350b, 350c, 350d and 350e. It has been found by the inventor that upper hanger balls 340a, 340b, 340c, 340d and 340e best perform when they extend outward a distance approximately equal to their diameter beyond lower hanger balls 350a, 350b, 350c, 350d and 350e.

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Upper hanger balls **340a**, **340b**, **340c**, **340d** and **340e** and lower hanger balls **350a**, **350b**, **350c**, **350d** and **350e** are

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supported on upper pegs 360a, 360b, 360c, 360d and 360e, and lower pegs 370a, 370b, 370c, 370d and 370e, respectively.

FIG. 3B depicts a device similar in part to FIG. 3A but comprised of a single lower ball/upper ball unit 400. Unit 400 has base frame 410 with holes 420 and 430 therein for securing unit 400 to a wall, door, or other suitable surface. Located on base frame 410 are extension pegs 460 and 470 having upper ball 440 and lower ball 450, respectively, attached thereto. Upper ball 440 extends outward a distance approximately equal to its diameter beyond lower ball 450.

FIG. 3C depicts the general profile of the upper balls 340a-e and lower balls 350a-e of multiple unit apparatus 300 shown in FIG. 3A, and upper ball 440 and lower ball 450 of single unit 400 shown in FIG. 3B.

Referring now to FIGS. 4A and 4B, an alternate embodiment 600 of the present invention is shown attached to a horizontal pole or rod, and to a wire closet shelf rack, respectively. Apparatus 600 is comprised of hanger frame 610, hanger loop support 620, neck 630, fillets 640 and balls 690. Fillets 640 serve to strengthen and align apparatus 600.

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Hanger frame 610 is comprised of first upper rod 650, second upper rod 660, first lower rod 670, and second lower rod 680, wherein first upper rod 650 and first lower rod 670 form hanger extension 720a, and second upper rod 660 and second lower rod 680 form hanger extension 720b.

Balls 690 are fixably attached via a suitable means, such as, for exemplary purposes only, by glue, to hanger frame 610 in pairs, located proximate one another on opposite sides of hanger frame 610. First set of balls 892 is carried proximate first ends 710a and 710b of hanger extensions 720a and 720b, respectively, and proximate base 700 of neck 630; second sets of balls 894a and 894b are carried proximate leg centers 750a and 750b, respectively, of hanger frame 610; and third sets of balls 896a and 896b are carried proximate second ends 730a and 730b of hanger extensions 720a and 720b, respectively.

First lower rod 670 and second lower rod 680 are bent 20 into an arc in order to facilitate securing first set of balls 892 in position below base 700 of neck 630, and further to provide a location for securing and locating second sets of balls 894a and 894b at midpoints 750a and 750b of hanger

extensions 720a and 720b, respectively, and third sets of balls 896a and 896b at second ends 730a and 730b of hanger extensions 720a and 720b, respectively.

In operation, apparatus 600 is secured to a horizontal pole or rod by extending loop support 620 over and around the pole or rod and securing apparatus 600 thereon via screw 740 and nut 760 after passage of screw 740 through holes (not shown) in neck 630. Alternately, when utilizing a wire closet shelf, loop support 620 is extended over and around the frame of the closet shelf and apparatus 600 is then secured by passage of screw 740 through holes (not shown) in neck 630 and securing screw 740 via nut 760. Upon securing of apparatus 600, clothing may be placed over individual balls 690 hanger frame 610, wherein apparatus 600 supports the clothing with minimal deformation.

It is contemplated in an alternate embodiment that the individual components of the preferred and/or alternate embodiments of the present invention, namely the 'S'-shaped body and the ball end, could be independently formed and subsequently assembled by any suitable bonding means, such as,

for exemplary purposes only, adhesives, epoxies, resins, mecahnical fasteners, or the like.

It is further contemplated in an alternate embodiment that ball 60 could be formed from expanded polystyrene or other expanded rigid plastics and/or elastomeric compounds.

It is envisioned in an alternate embodiment that hook portion 40 could be elliptical or circular in cross-section.

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It is envisioned in an alternate embodiment that ball 60 could be of any size, depending on the susceptibility of deformation of the clothing to be retained thereon.

15 The foregoing description and drawings comprise illustrative embodiments of the present invention. Having thus described exemplary embodiments of the present invention, it should be noted by those skilled in the art that the within disclosures are exemplary only, and that various other alternatives, adaptations, and modifications may be made within the scope of the present invention. Merely listing the steps of the method in a certain order does not constitute any limitation on the order of the steps of the method. Many

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modifications and other embodiments of the invention will come to mind to one skilled in the art to which this invention pertains having the benefit of the teachings presented in the foregoing descriptions and the associated drawings. Therefore, it is to be understood that the invention is not to be limited to the specific embodiments disclosed and that modifications and other embodiments are intended to included within the scope of the appended claims. Although specific terms are employed herein, they are used in a generic and descriptive sense only and not for purposes of limitation. Accordingly, the present invention is not limited to the specific embodiments illustrated herein, but is limited only by the following claims.